# Synthesis of polar polynorbornenes with high dielectric relaxation strength as candidate materials for dielectric applications 

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## Synthesis of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile



Scheme S1 Synthesis of compound 1

Compound 1 was designed and synthesized as shown in Scheme S1. Initially, 2,6-dimethyl-4H-pyran-4-one ( $20.00 \mathrm{~g}, 161.10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), malononitrile ( $10.64 \mathrm{~g}, 161.10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and acetic anhydride ( 80 ml ) were charged into a 200 ml round bottom flask. The system was refluxed at $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 hours to obtain crude of compound (i) intermediate. The intermediate was purified by washing with warm water and recrystallizing from heptane to produce a dark brown powder (yield, $87 \%$ ). Furtherly, a 200 ml round bottom flask was charged compound (i) intermediate ( $15.00 \mathrm{~g}, 87.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), ethanolamine ( 44.7 ml , 740.46 mmol ) and methanol ( 100 ml ). The reaction was then refluxed at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours and left to stand overnight. The separated solid was collected by filtration, dried, and recrystallized in ethanol to produced compound 1 as brown flakes (yield, 60\%).
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}_{\mathrm{d}}$ ) $\delta 6.68(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 5.17(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.17(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}-$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $3.70\left(\mathrm{q}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}\right.$ ), $2.53\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 155.40$ $\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Ar}}=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right), 150.92\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Ar}}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 119.43(\mathrm{CN}), 113.07\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Ar}}-\mathrm{H}\right), 59.76\left(=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}\right), 51.13(\mathrm{~N}-$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $21.03\left(\mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) . \mathrm{MS}(E S I) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{NaO}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$: calc. $=238.0951$; found $=238.0950$ Elemental analysis $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}$ (\%): calc. C 66.96, H 6.09, N 19.52, O 7.43; found: C 66.91, H 6.01, N 19.4307 .31

## Synthesis of bicyclo[2.2.1]het-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride



Scheme 2 Synthesis of compound (ii)
A 2-necked round bottom flask was charged with 5-norbornene-2-carboxylic acid ( $15 \mathrm{~g}, 108.56 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), thionyl chloride ( $19.37 \mathrm{~g}, 162.84 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and anhydrous chloroform ( 10 ml ). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 hours under argon protection. The solvent was then evaporated and the residue was distilled at $1 \mathrm{mbar}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to give the corresponding acyl chloride as colorless oily liquid (yield, $83 \%$ ).
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 6.26$ (ddd, $\left.J=19.1,5.7,3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.06$ (dd, J=5.8, $2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.48 (dd, $J=7.9,4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.01(\mathrm{dt}, J=4.2,2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09-1.92(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.60-1.40(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $1.36(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 176.81,175.04,139.04,138.69,134.88,131.61$, 77.23, 56.43, 56.32, 49.22, 47.16, 46.90, 46.29, 42.89, 41.85, 31.22, 30.09 .

Structure characterization of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)ylidene)malononitrile


Figure S1 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile


Figure S2 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile


Figure S3 COSY of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile


Figure S4 HSQC of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Tel: 058/765 4801 |  |  |  |
| Substanz: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Molekularformel: C12 H13 N3 O Mr $=215.25 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Schmelzpunkt: <br> gereinigt: ????????????????????????? getrocknet: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bestimmungen: CHNN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eingang: 19.09.19 |  |  |  |  | Ausgang: 23.09 .19 |  |  |  |
| M-166261 |  |  |  |  | Operator: PK |  |  |  |
| Berechnete Gewichtsanteile: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [C] | $66.96 \%$ | [H] | 6.09\% | [N] | 19.52\% | [0] | 7.43\% | $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}$ $M=215.26 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ |
| Gefundene Gewichtsanteile: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Einwaage: 0.910 mg |  |  |  |  | LECO Truspec Micro |  |  |  |
|  | $66.91 \%$ | [H] | 6.01\% | [N] | 19.43\% |  |  | 19.09 .19 |
| Einwaage: 1.048 mg [0] 7.31\% |  |  |  |  | LECO RO-628 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23.09 .19 |

Figure S5 Elemental analysis of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile

Acquisition Parameter

| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | 10.10.2019 15:57:20 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0051xxIBMAX005105_44666.d |  | Operator: | Daniel Wirz |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | 8.0 lmin |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |




Figure S6 Mass spectra of 2-(1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylpyridin-4(1H)-ylidene)malononitrile

Structure characterization of bicyco[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride


Figure S7 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride


Figure S8 13C NMR spectrum of bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride


Figure S9 COSY of bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride


Figure S10 HSQC of bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carbonyl chloride

## Structure characterization of monomers



Figure S11 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-1


Figure S12 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-1


Figure S13 COSY of NBE-1


Figure S14 HSQC of NBE-1


Figure S15 Elemental analysis of NBE-1

| Acquisition Parameter |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | 10.10.2019 16:03:16 |  |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0051xxIBMAX005107.d |  | Operator: | Daniel Wirz |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | 8.0 lmin |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |




Figure S16 Mass spectra of NBE-1


Figure $\mathbf{S 1 7}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-2


Figure S18 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-2


Figure S19 COSY of NBE-2


Figure S20 HSQC of NBE-2

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Siedepunkt:
gereinigt: ????????????????????????? getrocknet: HV
Bestimmungen: C H N
Eingang: 19.09.19 Ausgang: 19.09.19

## M-166262

Operator: PK
Berechnete Gewichtsanteile:


| [C] $64.54 \%$ | $[H]$ | $6.37 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Gefundene Gewichtsanteile:
Einwaage: $0.959 \mathrm{mg} \quad$ LECO TruSpec Micro
[C] $64.68 \%$ [H] $6.54 \%$
[N] 8.92\%
19.09 .19

Von flüssigen Proben können nur CHN bestimmt werden.

Figure S21 Elemental analysis of NBE-2

| Acquisition Parameter |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | 10.10.2019 16:00:19 |  |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0051xx1BMAX005106.d |  | Operator: | Daniel Wirz |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | $8.0 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |




Figure S22 Mass spectra of NBE-2


Figure S23 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-3


Figure S24 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-3


Figure S25 COSY of NBE-3


Figure S26 HSQC of NBE-3

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wegen zu grosser Abweichung werden keine weiteren Bestimmungen durchgeführt

Figure S27 Elemental analysis of NBE-3

| Acquisition Parameter |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  |  | Acquisition Date: | 10.10.2019 16:06:14 |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0051xx\BMAX005108.d |  |  | Operator: | Daniel Wirz |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | $8.01 / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Scan End | 1300 m/z | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |




Figure S28 Mass spectra of NBE-3


Figure S29 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-4


Figure $\mathbf{S 3 0}{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-4


Figure S31 COSY of NBE-4


Figure S32 HSQC of NBE-4

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Tel: 058/765 48 01
\end{tabular}
Siedepunkt:
gereinigt: ????????????????????????? getrocknet: HV
Bestimmungen: C H N
M-166265
Berechnete Gewichtsanteile:
[0] 33.58%
```

Eingang: 19.09.19 Ausgang: 20.09.19
[C] $60.50 \% \quad[\mathrm{H}] \quad 5.92$

$\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ $\mathrm{M}=238.24 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$

Gefundene Gewichtsanteile:

| Einwaage: 0.982 mg |  |  | LECO TruSpec Micro |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [C] 60.78\% | [H] | 6.44\% |  | 20.09 .19 |
| Einwaage: 0.971 mg |  |  | LECO TruSpec Micro |  |
| [C] 60.83\% | [H] | 6.22\% |  | 20.09 .19 |

Von flüssigen Proben können nur CHN bestimmt werden. Probe ist nicht homoge n (Flüssig+Kristalle)

| Acquisition Parameter |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | 10.10.2019 16:09:13 |  |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0051xxIBMAX005109.d |  | Operator: | Daniel Wirz |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | $8.0 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |




Figure S34 Mass spectra of NBE-4


Figure S35 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-5


Figure S36 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-5


Figure S37 COSY of NBE-5


Figure S38 HQSC of NBE-5

Acquisition Parameter

| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | $26.08 .202013: 39: 31$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0096xxIBMAX009630.d |  | Operator: | Michael Meier |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathbf{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | $8.01 / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathbf{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |



Figure S39 Mass spectra of NBE-5


Figure S40 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-6


Figure S41 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of NBE-6


Figure S42 COSY of NBE-6


Figure S43 HSQC of NBE-6

Acquisition Parameter

| Method: | ETH_HyStar_HPLC_QTOF_POS_LowMass_Loop-AS.m |  | Acquisition Date: | $26.08 .202013: 42: 29$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| File Name: | D:IDatalbmax0096xx\|BMAX009631.d |  | Operator: | Michael Meier |  |
| Source Type | ESI | Ion Polarity | Positive | Set Nebulizer | 1.6 Bar |
| Focus | Not active | Set Capillary | 4500 V | Set Dry Heater | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Scan Begin | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathbf{z}$ | Set End Plate Offset | -500 V | Set Dry Gas | 8.0 lmin |
| Scan End | $1300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ | Set Collision Cell RF | 200.0 Vpp | Set Divert Valve | Source |



Figure S44 Mass spectra of NBE-6

Structure characterization of polymers


Figure S45 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-2


Figure S46 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-2


PNBE-2



Figure S47 GPC elugrams of PNBE-2 synthesized by (a) Grubb's first- and (b) third generation catalyst; in HFIP + 20 mM sodium trifluoroacetate


Figure S48 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-3


Figure S49 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-3


PNBE-3



Figure S50 GPC elugrams of PNBE-3 synthesized by (a) Grubb's first- and (b) third generation catalyst; in THF


Figure $\mathbf{S 5 1}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-4


Figure S52 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-4



Figure S53 GPC elugrams of PNBE-4 in HFIP


Figure S54 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-5


Figure S55 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-5


Figure S56 GPC elugrams of PNBE-5 in HFIP + 20 mM sodium trifluoroacetate


Figure $\mathbf{S 5 7}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-6


Figure S58 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum of PNBE-6


Figure S59 GPC elugrams of PNBE-6 in THF

Thermal behaviour of polymers


Figure S60 DSC thermograms for PNBE-2 polymer sets in (a) second heating and (b) first cooling cycle


Figure $\mathbf{S 6 1}$ TGA curves for PNBE-2 polymer sets


Figure S62 DSC thermograms for PNBE-3 polymer sets in (a) second heating and (b) first cooling cycle


Figure S63 TGA curves for PNBE-3 polymer sets



| Polymer $1 \mathrm{D}_{[\mathrm{M}]:[\mathrm{C]}}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{g}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2{ }^{\text {nd }}$ Heating cycle ${ }^{(a)}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ cooling cylce ${ }^{\text {(b) }}$ |
| -PNBE-4 ${ }_{75: 1}$ | 84 | 79 |
| - PNBE-4 ${ }_{150: 1}$ | 86 | 76 |
| - PNBE-4 ${ }_{200: 1}$ | 87 | 80 |
| - PNBE-4 ${ }_{300: 1}$ | 87 | 76 |
| - PNBE-4 400:1 $^{\text {a }}$ | 88 | 80 |
| -PNBE-4 800:1 | 86 | 80 |

Figure S64 DSC thermograms for PNBE-4 polymer sets in (a) second heating and (b) first cooling cycle


Figure S65 TGA curves for PNBE-2 polymer sets


Figure S66 DSC thermograms for PNBE-5 polymer sets in (a) second heating and (b) first cooling cycle


Figure $\mathbf{S 6 7}$ TGA curves for PNBE-5 polymer sets



| Polymer $\mathrm{ID}_{[\mathrm{M}]:} \mathrm{CC]}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{g}}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ heating cycle ${ }^{(a)}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ cooling cycle ${ }^{(b)}$ |
| - PNBE-6 200:1 | 62 | 55 |
| - PNBE-6 400:1 | 62 | 52 |
| - PNBE-6 800:1 | 58 | 48 |

Figure S68 DSC thermograms for PNBE-6 polymer sets in (a) second heating and (b) first cooling cycle


Figure S69 TGA curves for PNBE-6 polymer sets

## Dielectric properties of polymers



Figure S70 Isothermal dielectric response of PNBE-2; (a) real permittivity, $\varepsilon^{\prime}$; (b) tangent loss Tan $\delta$; of the complex dielectric function vs frequency


Figure S71 $\beta$-relaxation processes in PNBE-2: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Arrhenius plot of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by shortdashed lines.


Figure S72 $\alpha$-relaxation processes in PNBE-2: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Vogel-Fulcher-Tammann (VFT) plot of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by short-dashed lines.


Figure S73 Isothermal dielectric response of PNBE-3; (a) real permittivity, $\varepsilon^{\prime}$; (b) tangent loss Tan $\delta$; of the complex dielectric function vs frequency


Figure S74 $\beta$-relaxation processes in PNBE-3: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Arrhenius plot of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by shortdashed lines.


Figure S75 $\alpha$-relaxation processes in PNBE-3: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Vogel-Fulcher-Tammann (VFT) plot of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by short-dashed lines.


Figure S76 Isothermal dielectric response of PNBE-4; (a) real permittivity, $\varepsilon^{\prime}$; (b) tangent loss Tan $\delta$; of the complex dielectric function vs frequency


Figure S77 $\beta$-relaxation processes in PNBE-4: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Arrhenius plots of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by shortdashed lines.


Figure $\mathbf{S 7 8} \alpha$-relaxation processes in PNBE-4: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Vogel-Fulcher-Tammann (VFT) plot of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus the inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by short-dashed lines.


Figure S79 Isothermal dielectric response of PNBE-5; (a) real permittivity, $\varepsilon^{\prime}$; (b) tangent loss Tan $\delta$; of the complex dielectric function vs frequency


Figure S80 $\beta$-relaxation processes in PNBE-5: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Arrhenius plots of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by shortdashed lines.


Figure S81 Isothermal dielectric response of PNBE-6; (a) real permittivity, $\varepsilon^{\prime}$; (b) tangent loss Tan $\delta$; of the complex dielectric function vs frequency


Figure $\mathbf{S 8 2} \beta$-relaxation processes in PNBE-6: (a) isothermal plot of imaginary part $\varepsilon^{\prime \prime}$ of the complex dielectric permittivity versus frequency (b) Arrhenius plots of corresponding relaxation times obtained from Havriliak-Negami (HN)-fit versus inverse of temperature. The experimental data are represented by scattered dots and the fit functions are represented by shortdashed lines.

## Dipole moments of monomers

NBE-X solutions of different concentrations were prepared by dissolving in chloroform. Dilute solutions of NBE-X were used to avoid antiparallel orientation of dipoles. Dielectric measurements on the solutions were performed using a high-resolution ALPHA analyzer (Novocontrol, Montabaur, Germany) using a liquid parallel plate sample cell BDS 1308 to avoid errors related to solvent evaporation during measurement. The dielectric permittivity $\varepsilon^{\prime}$ was recorded at a frequency of $10^{5} \mathrm{~Hz}$ at ambient temperature. The liquid cell BDS 1308 was calibrated using chloroform.

The dipole moments of NBE-X were experimentally estimated according to the HedestrandGuggenheim - Smith equation (Eq 1) and the modified Onsager equation according to Böttcher (Eq 2):

$$
\begin{align*}
\mu_{2}^{2}= & \frac{27 \cdot M_{2} \cdot k_{B} \cdot T}{4 \pi \cdot \rho_{1} \cdot\left(\varepsilon_{1}+2\right)^{2} \cdot N_{A}} \cdot\left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon_{12}}{\partial x_{2}}-\left(n_{2}^{2}-n_{1}^{2}\right)\right)  \tag{Eq1}\\
\varepsilon_{12}= & 1+\frac{4 \pi}{3} \frac{\varepsilon_{12}\left(2 \varepsilon_{12}+1\right)\left(n_{1}^{2}+2\right)^{2}}{3\left(2 \varepsilon_{12}+n_{1}^{2}\right)^{2}} \frac{\mu_{1}^{2}}{k_{B} T} N_{1}+\frac{4 \pi}{3} \frac{\varepsilon_{12}\left(2 \varepsilon_{12}+1\right)\left(n_{2}^{2}+2\right)^{2}}{3\left(2 \varepsilon_{12}+n_{2}^{2}\right)^{2}} \frac{\mu_{2}^{2}}{k_{B} T} N_{2} \\
& +3 \frac{N_{1}}{N_{A}} R_{1} \frac{\varepsilon_{12}\left(n_{1}^{2}+2\right)}{2 \varepsilon_{12}+n_{1}^{2}}+3 \frac{N_{2}}{N_{A}} R_{2} \frac{\varepsilon_{12}\left(n_{2}^{2}+2\right)}{2 \varepsilon_{12}+n_{2}^{2}} \tag{Eq2}
\end{align*}
$$

In the above equations,

| $\mu_{1}$ | dipole moment of the solvent |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mu_{2}$ | dipole moment of NBE-X monomer |
| $M_{2}$ | molar mass of NBE-X monomer |
| $N_{A}$ | Avogadro's constant |
| $k_{B}$ | Boltzmann's constant |
| $T$ | Temperature |
| $\rho_{1}$ | density of the solvent <br> $\varepsilon_{1}$ |
| dielectric permittivity of the solvent |  |
| $\varepsilon_{12}$ | dielectric permittivity of the solution <br> $x_{2}$ |
| $n_{1}$ | molar fraction of NBE-X monomer <br> $n_{2}$ |
| $N_{i}$ | refractive index of the solvent |
| number density of dipoles expressed as $N_{i}=\frac{\rho_{i}}{M_{i}} N_{A}$ |  |
| $R_{i}$ | molecular refraction in the limit of infinite wavelength expressed as $R_{i}=\frac{M_{i}}{\rho_{i}} \frac{\left(n_{i}^{2}-1\right)}{\left(n_{i}^{2}+2\right)}$ |

## Appendices




Sample Weight: 17.526 mg





Sample Weight: 17.766 mg



Sample Weight: 16.168 mg





Sample Weight: 9.736 mg




 2) Cool from $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $0.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at $20.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$
3) Hold for $3.0 \min$ at $0.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $20.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$








Sample Weight: 13.672 mg



Sample Weight: 8.328 mg



```
Operator ID: 
Sample Weight: 12.060 mg
```




Sample Weight: 8.786 mg



Sample Weight: 8.220 mg



```
Sample ID: PNBE-5 200
Sample Weight: 8.594 mg
```




```
Sample ID: PNBE-5 400
Sample Weight: 11.710 mg
```








```
Sample ID: PNBE-6 400
Sample Weight: 10.556 mg
```




```
Sample ID: PNBE-6 800
Sample Weight: 9.226 mg
```




